Insulin-like Growth Factor 1 (IGF-1), LC/MS

CPT Code: 84305 **Order Code:** 16293

Synonyms: IGF1, Somatomedin-C, Insulin Like Growth Factor

ABN Requirement: No

Specimen: Serum **Volume**: 0.5 mL

Minimum Volume: 0.3 mL

Container: Gel-barrier tube (SST)

Collection:

1. Collect and label sample according to standard protocols.

- 2. Gently invert tube 5 times immediately after draw. DO NOT SHAKE.
- 3. Allow blood to clot 30 minutes.
- 4. Centrifuge for 10 minutes.

Transport: Store serum at 2°C to 8°C after collection and ship the same day per packaging instructions included with the provided shipping box.

Special Instructions: Collect blood in a red-top or SST vacutainer. For red-top vacutainers, allow blood to clot (10-15 minutes) at room temperature. Separate serum from cells and refrigerate.

Stability:

Ambient (15-25°C): 48 hours Refrigerated (2-8°C): 7 days

Frozen (-20°C): 60 days

Causes for Rejection: Moderate hemolysis

Methodology: Liquid Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry (LC/MS)

Turn Around Time: 3-6 days

Reference Range(s):

Pediatric	Male (ng/mL)	Female (ng/mL)
<1 year	14-142	17-185
1-1.9 years	12-134	15-175
2-2.9 years	12-135	16-179
3-3.9 years	30-155	38-214
4-4.9 years	28-181	34-238
5-5.9 years	31-214	37-272
6-6.9 years	38-253	45-316
7-7.9 years	48-298	58-367
8-8.9 years	62-347	76-424
9-9.9 years	80-398	99-483
10-10.9 years	100-449	125-541
11-11.9 years	123-497	152-593
12-12.9 years	146-541	178-636
13-13.9 years	168-576	200-664
14-14.9 years	187-599	214-673
15-15.9 years	201-609	218-659
16-16.9 years	209-602	208-619
17-17.9 years	207-576	185-551

Adult	ng/mL
18-19.9 years	108-548
20-24.9 years	83-456
25-29.9 years	63-373
30-39.9 years	53-331
40-49.9 years	52-328
50-59.9 years	50-317
60-69.9 years	41-279
70-79.9 years	34-245

>80 years	34-246
Z-Scores	-2.0 - +2.0

Clinical Significance: Insulin-like Growth Factor 1 (IGF-1 or Somatomedin C), a protein involved in stimulating somatic growth, is regulated principally by Growth Hormone (GH) and nutritional intake. IGF-1 is transported in serum by several proteins; this helps maintain relatively high IGF-1 plasma levels and minimizes fluctuations in serum IGF-1 concentrations.

Measuring IGF-1 is useful in several growth-related disorders. Dwarfism caused by deficiency of growth hormone (hypopituitarism) results in decreased serum levels of IGF-1, while acromegaly (growth hormone excess) results in elevated levels of IGF-1. IGF-1 measurements are also helpful in assessing nutritional status; levels are reduced in undernutrition and restored with a proper diet.

The CPT codes provided are based on AMA guidelines and are for informational purposes only. CPT coding is the sole responsibility of the billing party. Please direct any questions regarding coding to the payer being billed.